

Danger



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : Methan, verdichtet
 SDS no : Methan, verdichtet
 Chemical description : methane
 CAS-No. : 74-82-8
 EC-No. : 200-812-7
 EC Index-No. : 601-001-00-4
 REACH registration No : 01-2119474442-39
 Chemical formula : CH₄

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
 Test gas/Calibration gas.
 Chemical reaction / Synthesis.
 Laboratory use.
 Contact supplier for more information on uses.
 Use as a fuel.
 Use for manufacture of electronic/photovoltaic components.

Uses advised against : Consumer use.
 Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company identification : SWF Gase AG
 Altgasse 63
 CH-6340 - Schweiz
 T +41 415100420
www.swf-gase.ch
info@swf-gase.ch

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +41 415100421
 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Flammable gases, Category 1A	H220
	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas	H280

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



Signal word (CLP)

Hazard statements (CLP)

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention

- Response

- Storage

- : Danger
- : H220 - Extremely flammable gas.
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- : P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
P381 - In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.
- : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

Asphyxiant in high concentrations.
These high concentrations are within the flammability range.
Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
Not classified as PMT or vPvM.
The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
methane	CAS-No.: 74-82-8 EC-No.: 200-812-7 EC Index-No.: 601-001-00-4 REACH registration No: 01-2119474442-39	100	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.
See section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media
 - : Carbon dioxide.
 - Dry powder.
 - Water spray or fog.
 - Shutting off the source of the gas is the preferred method of control.
 - Be aware of the risk of formation of static electricity with the use of CO2 extinguishers. Do not use them in places where a flammable atmosphere may be present.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media
 - : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards
 - : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products
 - : Carbon monoxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Specific methods
 - : Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire.
 - Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
 - If possible, stop flow of product.
 - Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
 - Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters
 - : In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus.
 - Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
 - Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters. EN 15090 Footwear for firefighters. EN 443 Helmets for fire fighting in buildings and other structures.
 - Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel
 - : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
 - Try to stop release.
 - Evacuate area.
 - Eliminate ignition sources.
 - Ensure adequate air ventilation.
 - Stay upwind.
 - See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment
- For emergency responders
 - : Monitor concentration of released product.
 - Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres.
 - Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
 - See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

6.2. Environmental precautions

- Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Ventilate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product

- : Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).
- Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
- Purge air from system before introducing gas.
- Do not smoke while handling product.
- Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
- Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
- Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
- Assess the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres and the need for explosion-proof equipment.
- Consider the use of only non-sparking tools.
- The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
- Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
- Do not breathe gas.
- Avoid release of product into work area.
- Ensure equipment is adequately earthed.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle

- : Do not allow backfeed into the container.
- Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
- When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
- Leave valve protection caps, when provided, in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
- If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
- Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
- Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
- Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
- Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
- Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
- Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
- Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
- Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
- Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
- Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants in store.
- All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere.
- Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
- Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
- Container valve guards or caps, when provided, should be in place.
- Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
- Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
- Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
- Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
- Keep away from combustible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Methan, verdichtet (74-82-8)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Hydrocarbures aliphatiques sous forme gazeuse: (Alcanes C1-C3) # Alifatische koolwaterstoffen in gas-vorm: Alkanen (C1-C3)
OEL TWA	1000 ppm
Regulatory reference	Koninklijk besluit/Arrêté royal 16/11/2023
Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Метан
OEL TWA	500 mg/m ³
Regulatory reference	Наредба № 13 от 30.12.2003 г. за защита на работещите от рискове, свързани с експозиция на химични агенти при работа (изм. и доп. ДВ. бр. 28 от 2024 г., в сила от 05.04.2024 г.)
Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Metaani
HTP (OEL TWA)	1000 ppm
Remark	Happea syrjäyttämällä tukahduttavat kaasut.
Regulatory reference	HTP-ARVOT 2025 (Sosiaali- ja terveystieteiden ministeriö)
Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases Alkanes (C1-C3): Methane
Remark	Advisory OELV (Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values), Asphx. (Gaseous chemical substances which may not produce significant physiological effects in the exposed employee, but when present in high concentrations will act as simple asphyxiants)
Regulatory reference	Chemical Agents Code of Practice 2024
Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Metano
Remark	Asfixia
Regulatory reference	Norma Portuguesa NP 1796:2014
Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Metan
OEL TWA	1200 mg/m ³
	1834 ppm
OEL STEL	1500 mg/m ³
	2292 ppm
Regulatory reference	Hotărârea Guvernului nr. 1.218/2006 (Hotărârea nr. 179/2024)

Methan, verdichtet (74-82-8)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Metano
VLA-ED (OEL TWA)	1000 ppm Hidrocarburos alifáticos alcanos (C1 – C4) y sus mezclas, gases (Butano; Etano; Metano; Propano)
Regulatory reference	Límites de Exposición Profesional para Agentes Químicos en España 2025. INSHT
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	Methane
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Asphyxia
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025

DNEL (Derived-No Effect Level) : None established.

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None established.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
 Product to be handled in a closed system.
 Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released.
 Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
 Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.
 Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:
 PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

- Eye/face protection :
 - Wear safety glasses with side shields.
 - Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications, or
 - Standard EN ISO 16321-1 Eye and face protection for occupational use Part 1 : General requirements.
- Skin protection
 - Hand protection :
 - Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
 - Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risks, performance level 1 or higher.
 - Recommended types include wrist gloves from leather or synthetic material with equivalent performance, fabric gloves, fabric gloves with leather palms.
 - Other :
 - Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.
 - Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials.
 - Standard EN 1149-5 - Protective clothing: Electrostatic properties.
 - Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
 - Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
- Respiratory protection :
 - Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
 - Never use any kind of filtering respiratory protection equipment when working with this substance due to it having poor or no warning properties.
 - Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.
 - Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
 - Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device.
- Thermal hazards : None in addition to the above sections.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas
- Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Odourless.
Odour threshold	: Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
pH	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Melting point / Freezing point	: -182,5 °C
Boiling point	: -161,5 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability	: Extremely flammable gas.
Explosive limits	:
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Vapour density	: 0,555
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: 0,42
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 0,6
Water solubility	: 26 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not applicable for gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 595 °C
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: No reliable data available.
Oxidising properties	: No oxidising properties.

9.2. Other information

Molar mass	: 16 g/mol
Critical temperature [°C]	: -82 °C
Other data	: None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Can form explosive mixture with air.
May react violently with oxidants.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Air, Oxidisers.
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Toxicological effects not expected by inhalation from this product if occupational exposure limit values are not exceeded.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: No known effects from this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-single exposure	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-repeated exposure	: No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Other information	: The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment	: Classification criteria are not met.
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]	: 69,4 mg/l
EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]	: 19,4 mg/l
LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	: 147,5 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment	: The substance is readily biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.
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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment	: Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). See section 9.
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12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment	: Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. Partition into soil is unlikely.
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment	: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
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12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: Not classified as PMT or vPvM.
Effect on the ozone layer	: No effect on the ozone layer.
Global warming potential [CO ₂ =1]	: 27,9
Effect on global warming	: When discharged in large quantities may contribute to the greenhouse effect. Contains greenhouse gas(es).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact supplier if guidance is required.
Do not discharge into areas where there is a risk of forming an explosive mixture with air.
Waste gas should be flared through a suitable burner with flash back arrestor.
Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.
Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.
Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.
Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)

: 16 05 04 *: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

UN-No. : 1971

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : METHANE, COMPRESSED

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Methane, compressed

Transport by sea (IMDG) : METHANE, COMPRESSED

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling



2.1 : Flammable gases.

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN)

Class : 2
Classification code : 1F
Hazard identification number : 23
Tunnel Restriction : B/D - Tank carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category B, C, D and E. Other carriage: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.1

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.1
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-D
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-U

14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : Not applicable

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable

Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : None.

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.

Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Packing Instruction(s)

Transport by road/rail/inland waterways (ADR/RID/ADN) : P200

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : Forbidden.

Cargo Aircraft only : 200.

Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU-Regulations

Restrictions on use : None.

Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Covered.

National regulations

Water hazard class (WGK) : nwg - Non-hazardous to water

Kenn-Nr. : 1343

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : Exclude.

Regulatory reference : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2020/878.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
 REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
 EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
 PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
 LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
 RMM - Risk Management Measures
 PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
 STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
 CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
 EN - European Standard
 UN - United Nations
 ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
 IATA - International Air Transport Association
 IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
 WGK - Water Hazard Class
 STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
 UFI : Unique Formula Identifier
 ADN -International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
 PROC -Process category
 ERC – Environmental release category
 PMT - Persistent, Mobile and Toxic
 vPvM – very Persistent and very Mobile

Training advice

: Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

Further information

: Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).
 Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA Doc 169 :
 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at <http://www.Eiga.eu> .

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